DISCHARGING SOON? HERE'S HOW TO COPE:



Wake up, eat and sleep at regular times. Do small daily tasks.



Use 5 senses to stay present. Stretch, walk, gentle movement – start small and go at your own pace.



Listen to music, read or do hobbies. Spend time outdoors or with loved ones.



Let Yourself Rest

Follow a sleep routine.
Avoid using electronic
devices (e.g. phones,
laptops) before bed.
Create a cozy sleep space.



If you avoid moving because of pain, your body can become deconditioned, and the pain can actually get worse. Keep moving gently and regularly.

Pacing yourself and doing small daily tasks can slowly raise your pain tolerance, prevent more pain and give your body the best chance of recovery!

C Emergency Help

Samaritans of Singapore (SOS): 1-767 Institute of Mental Health (IMH) Helpline: 6389 2222 Singapore Association for Mental Health (SAMH): 18000-283-7019 TOUCHline: 1800 377 2252 Clinic 4A
TTSH Medical Centre, Level 4
Contact:
6889 4343 (General Enquiries)



Scan the QR Code with your smart phone to access the information online or visit https://for.sg/ttsh-health-library

Was this information helpful?
Please feel free to email us if you have any feedback regarding what you have just read at patienteducation@ttsh.com.sg



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Department of PSYCHOLOGY

Healing After Physical Trauma



HEALING AFTER PHYSICAL TRAUMA: WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW?

Physical trauma - such as a serious injury, road traffic accident, or physical assault, can leave you feeling unsafe, in pain, or out of control. It's common to experience these reactions after such events:



Unwanted **Flashbacks**

- Sudden thoughts of what happened
- Bad dreams
- Feeling like it's happening again



Avoidance

 Avoid places or people that remind vou of the event



Changes in Mood & Thinking

- Feeling sad, anxious, angry or hopeless
 Thinking more
- negatively about vourself or the world



Feeling Jumpy or On Edge

- Easily startled
- Trouble sleeping
- Easily irritated

You are not alone.

Most survivors exposed to physical trauma experience these reactions but these often fade with time.

Support and self-care can help you recover.

WHY DO I HAVE THESE REACTIONS?

Your brain and body go into protection mode after trauma:



Brain on

High Alert





Brain Trying to Body Stays **Process Memories**

and replaying thinking that the event to danger might understand what still be around. happened.

Ready

and reacts quickly, preparing to protect you. Some may also fear moving due to worry about reinjure.

Recovery is Possible

For most people, these reactions naturally taper off within the first 3 months.

For a small percentage, they may persist longer - but with supportive relationships, a safe environment and effective treatment.

healing and recovery are very achievable!



Get Help

or struggle to return to daily life.

STEPS TO RECOVER

Sometimes your mind or body might pull you back into unwanted memories, making it feel like the traumatic event is happening again.

When this happens, here are some steps you can take to feel more grounded and safe:



Breathe

Inhale for 4 counts. Exhale for 6 counts

How does it help?

Taking a deep breath helps activate vour body's calming system.

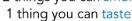


Look around

and name... 5 things you can see 4 things you can touch

3 things you can hear

2 things you can smell





Focusing on your surroundings helps shift your attention away from distressing memories and bring you back to the here and now.



Remind yourself

That was then, this is now. I am safe now. I can take small steps to feel better.



Repeating these words helps your brain recognize that the danger has passed and you are safe in the present moment.

