

PHARMACY

Drug Information

Paclitaxel Injection



What is Paclitaxel?

• Paclitaxel is usually used to treat ovarian, breast, lung, head, neck, and bladder cancer. It is also used in the treatment of a type of skin cancer known as Kaposi's sarcoma.

How is Paclitaxel Administered / Taken?

• Paclitaxel is usually given by injection into a vein (an intravenous infusion) over an hour.

Can Paclitaxel be Administered / Taken With Other Medications?

 Please inform your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking other medications, including Traditional Chinese Medicines, Jamu medicines or supplements.

What are the Important Side Effects of Paclitaxel?

Inform the nurses immediately during infusion of Paclitaxel if you experience the following:

• Allergic reaction

Paclitaxel may rarely cause an allergic reaction while it is being given. Signs of a reaction can include a rash, flushing or shortness of breath, swelling of your face or lips, feeling dizzy, having abdominal, back or chest pain or feeling unwell.

• Drug leakage

Paclitaxel may leak out of the veins and damage the tissues around the vein. This is called extravasation. Inform the nurse immediately if you have any stinging pain, redness or swelling around the vein. Extravasation is not common but if it happens it is important that it is managed quickly.

 Medications prescribed by your doctor should be beneficial for your condition even though they may result in some inevitable side effects.

Side Effect	Management	Side Effect	Management
Risk of infection can occur as Paclitaxel can reduce the number of white blood cells in your blood	Risk of infection can occur • To reduce risk of infection: as Paclitaxel can reduce • Wash your hands after toileting. the number of white blood • Avoid crowds and people who are sick.	Diarrhoea	 Inform your doctor if this is severe and/or does not improve with the use of medication. Drink at least two litres (8 cups) of fluids every day when you are having diarrhoea. Avoid milk or dairy products and/or high fibre food whilst you are having diarrhoea.
		Mouth ulcers can occur on the tongue, the sides of the mouth or in the throat and this can lead to an infection	 Brush your teeth gently after eating and at bedtime with a soft toothbrush.
Bruising or bleeding can occur as Paclitaxel can reduce the number of platelets in your blood Nausea or Vomiting	 To reduce risk of bleeding problems: Do not pick your nose. Brush your teeth gently with a soft toothbrush. Be aware that bleeding may take a longer time to stop. 		 Rinse and brush your dentures after eating and soak them in denture solution overnight. Rinsing your mouth regularly with an alcohol-free mouth gargle or salt water may help reduce chances of infection.
	 Please proceed to the A&E department immediately if you experience any severe bleeding (e.g. passing a large amount of fresh blood in urine or stools, or passing black sticky stools) or significant bruising. Take small, frequent meals. Avoid smells that precipitate nausea. Take medications for nausea or vomiting prescribed by your doctor. Avoid tight-fitting clothes around the waist. 	Numbness and tingling sensation in the hands or feet	 Inform your doctor if you have this symptom, trouble buttoning up shirts or if you are unable to pick up objects
		Muscle aches and joint pain	 Mild pain can be relieved by taking Paracetamol (Panadol ®). Inform your doctor if pain is not controlled by Paracetamol (Panadol ®). Avoid Paracetamol (Panadol ®) when you are having fever. Taking regular warm baths may also help.
		Hair Loss	• Wear a wig or hat or use a gentle shampoo.

Side Effect	Management
Changes in the way the liver works	• Please proceed to the A & E department immediately if you experience any yellowing of eye white and skin or tea-coloured urine, pale stools or severe abdominal pain.

If you develop rashes, facial swelling or shortness of breath after taking the medication, you could be allergic to the medication. Please seek medical attention immediately.

Are There any Special Precautions That I Need to Take?

- It is important to inform your doctor if you intend to conceive or breastfeed while taking this medication.
- You must not become pregnant during treatment with Paclitaxel and must use an effective method of contraception. Take appropriate contraceptive measures during and up to 6 months after cessation of treatment. If pregnancy occurs during your treatment, you must inform your doctor immediately.
- Paclitaxel may have an anti-fertility effect, which could be irreversible. You should discuss with your doctor regarding fertility preservation prior to starting treatment.
- You should not breast-feed during treatment.

What Else can I do to Help My Condition?

• <u>Exercise</u>

Light exercise is recommended as it helps to improve mobility, balance and even emotional well-being. Avoid strenuous exercise, and rest when you are feeling tired.

• <u>Stay positive</u>

Understand your condition and take an active role in managing it. Do not be afraid to talk about it with your doctor/ pharmacist/ family members. Repressed feelings can be harmful to your immediate well-being and long-term health. • Adequate hydration

Maintain adequate hydration with 2 to 3 litres (8 to 12 cups) of fluids per day unless informed by your doctor to restrict fluids. This will decrease your chances of getting constipation and also prevent dehydration.

• Medical and dental treatment

If you need to go into hospital for any reason other than cancer, always inform the doctors and nurses that you are having chemotherapy. Talk to your cancer doctor if you think you need dental treatment. Always inform your dentist that you are having chemotherapy.

If you have any problem with your treatment, please contact your doctor, pharmacist or nurse clinician.

You can also find useful information with regards to your medication on this website:

https://www.macmillan.org.uk/information-and-support



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