

PHARMACY Drug Information

Ribociclib Tablet



What is Ribociclib?

• Ribociclib is used in combination with hormonal therapy for the treatment of breast cancer.

How is Ribociclib Administered / Taken?

- Ribociclib is taken once a day with or without food at approximately the same time each day for 21 days, followed by 7-day rest, in a 28-day cycle.
- The tablet should be swallowed whole. Do not chew or crush the capsules. Inform your doctor or pharmacist if you have difficulty swallowing.
- If possible, handle the medication yourself. If you need a family member or caregiver to give the medication, ensure that they wash their hands before and after handling the medication.
- If you miss a dose of Ribociclib, skip the missed dose and take it at the next scheduled timing.
- If you vomit the dose of Ribociclib, skip the missed dose and go back to your usual dosing times.

Can Ribociclib be Administered / Taken With Other Medications?

- Please inform your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking other medications, including Traditional Chinese Medicines, Jamu medicines or supplements.
- Avoid grapefruits. They may increase the amount of Ribociclib in your body to a harmful level.

What are the Important Side Effects of Ribociclib?

• Medications prescribed by your doctor should be beneficial for your condition even though they may result in some inevitable side effects.

Side Effect	Management
Risk of infection can occur as Ribociclib can reduce the number of white blood cells in your blood	 To reduce risk of infection: Wash your hands after toileting. Avoid crowds and people who are sick. Avoid raw food.
	Please proceed to the A&E department immediately if you experience signs of infection such as fever with a temperature of 38°C and above, chills and shivering. Avoid taking Paracetamol (Panadol®) to relieve fever. Be aware that taking Paracetamol may mask fever and hence delay treatment of infection.
Bruising or bleeding can occur as Ribociclib can reduce the number of platelets in your blood	 To reduce risk of bleeding problems: Do not pick your nose. Brush your teeth gently with a soft toothbrush. Be aware that bleeding may take a longer time to stop.
	Please proceed to the A&E department immediately if you experience any severe bleeding (e.g. passing a large amount of fresh blood in urine or stools, or passing black sticky stools) or significant bruising.
Nausea or vomiting	Take small, frequent meals.
	Avoid smells that precipitate nausea.
	Take medicines for nausea or vomiting prescribed by your doctor.

Side Effect	Management
	Avoid tight-fitting clothes around the waist.
Diarrhoea	Inform your doctor if this is severe and/or does not improve with medicine use.
	Drink at least 2 litres (8 cups) of fluids every day when you are having diarrhoea.
	Avoid milk, dairy products, high fibre food or spicy food while you are having diarrhoea.
Mouth ulcers can occur on the tongue, the sides of the mouth or in the throat and this can lead to an infection	Brush your teeth gently after eating and at bedtime with a soft toothbrush.
	Rinse and brush your dentures after eating and soak them in denture solution overnight.
	Rinsing your mouth regularly with an alcohol-free mouth gargle or salt water may help reduce chances of infection.
Skin rashes	Inform your doctor if the rash is very irritating. For mild rash, inform your doctor on the next visit as it generally resolves before the next treatment.
Fatigue or tiredness	Do not drive or operate machinery if you are feeling tired. Inform your doctor if fatigue is persistent or worsens.
Hair Loss	Wear a wig or hat or use a gentle shampoo.
Slow or abnormal heart rhythm rarely occurs	Please proceed to the A & E department immediately if your heart is beating irregularly or fast, or if you feel faint, lightheaded or dizzy.

If you develop rashes, facial swelling or shortness of breath after taking the medication, you could be allergic to the medication. Please seek medical attention immediately.

Are There any Special Precautions That I Need to Take?

- It is important to inform your doctor if you intend to conceive or breastfeed while taking this medication.
- You must not become pregnant during treatment with Ribociclib and must use an effective method of contraception. You should take appropriate contraceptive measures during and up to 3 weeks after stopping treatment. If pregnancy occurs during your treatment, you must inform your doctor immediately.
- Ribociclib may have an anti-fertility effect, which could be irreversible. You should discuss with your doctor regarding fertility preservation prior to starting treatment.
- You should not breast-feed during treatment.

What Else can I do to Help My Condition?

Exercise

Light exercise is recommended as it helps to improve mobility, balance and even emotional well-being. Avoid strenuous exercise, and rest when you are feeling tired.

Stay positive

Understand your condition and take an active role in managing it. Do not be afraid to talk about it with your doctor/ pharmacist/ family members. Repressed feelings can be harmful to your immediate well-being and long-term health.

• Adequate hydration

Maintain adequate hydration with 2 to 3 litres (8 to 12 cups) of fluids per day unless informed by your doctor to restrict fluids. This will decrease your chances of getting constipation and also prevent dehydration.

• Medical and dental treatment

If you need to go into hospital for any reason other than cancer, always inform the doctors and nurses that you are having chemotherapy. Talk to your cancer doctor if you think you need dental treatment. Always inform your dentist that you are having chemotherapy.

How do I Store Ribociclib?

 Store your medication in a cool, dry place away from heat, moisture and direct sunlight.

If you have any problem with your treatment, please contact your doctor, pharmacist or nurse clinician.

Please keep all medications out of reach of children.

You can also find useful information with regards to your medication on this website:

https://www.macmillan.org.uk/information-and-support



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